

In everyday Maths we use the denary system of counting which is also known as base 10. Look at how it works for the number 217:

100	10	1
2	1	7

The number 217 means:

$$\begin{array}{r}
 2 \times 100 + \\
 1 \times 10 + \\
 \underline{7 \times 1} \\
 217
 \end{array}$$

Each column to the left has the value of 10 times the previous column.

Computers use binary which can contain only 0 or 1. This is also known as base 2. Each column to the left has 2 times the value of the previous column. To convert the number 11011001 from binary to denary do the following process:

- Put the column titles in for each column:

128	64	32	16	8	4	2	1
1	1	0	1	1	0	0	1

- Add each of the column titles with a 1 in it:

$$= 128 + 64 + 16 + 8 + 1 = \underline{217}$$

We can add a subscript to numbers to show which base we are using. We also put a space after every four digits of binary to make it easier to read. For example:

$$217_{10} = 1101\ 1001_2$$

This means 217 in base 10 equals 1101 1001 in base 2.

We can place as many leading zeros to a number as we like. So $0001 = 1$. Because computers store numbers of a certain length, like 8 bits, we often use leading zeros. 32 stored as an 8 bit number would be:

128	64	32	16	8	4	2	1
0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0

$$32_{10} = 0010\ 0000 \text{ as an 8 bit number}$$

Q 61

Binary to Denary Conversions - Questions

1. Match the binary numbers on the left to the denary numbers on the right.

10

3

0

1

11

0

1

2

2. Convert the following numbers from binary to denary.

a) 100 _____ [1]

b) 110 _____ [1]

c) 0000 0110 _____ [1]

d) 0001 0000 _____ [1]

e) 0010 0100 _____ [1]

f) 1111 1111 _____ [1]

[4]

10

3. What is the maximum number in denary that can be stored in a 4 bit number? _____ [1]

4. What is the maximum number in denary that can be stored in an 8 bit number? _____ [1]

5. What is the range of denary numbers that an 8 bit number can store? _____ ~ _____ [1]

6. What does the 2 in the number $1011\ 0110_2$ mean? Fill in **one** circle

- It is in base 10
- It is in base 2
- It is a mistake
- Multiply the number by 2 [1]

7. Convert the following numbers from binary to denary.

a) 0101 0101 _____ [1]

b) 1010 1010 _____ [1]

c) 0000 1111 _____ [1]

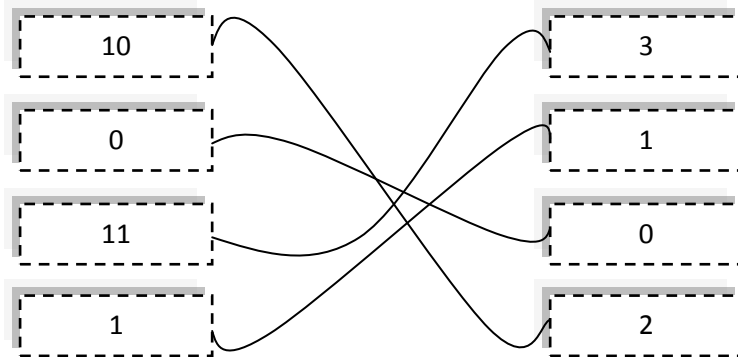
d) 1111 0000 _____ [1]

e) 1101 0010 _____ [1]

f) 0010 1101 _____ [1]

10

1. Match the binary numbers on the left to the denary numbers on the right.



2. Convert the following numbers from binary to denary.

- a) 100 4 [1]
- b) 110 6 [1]
- c) 0000 0110 6 [1]
- d) 0001 0000 16 [1]
- e) 0010 0100 36 [1]
- f) 1111 1111 255 [1]

[4]

3. What is the maximum number in denary that can be stored in a 4 bit number? 15 [1]

4. What is the maximum number in denary that can be stored in an 8 bit number? 255 [1]

5. What is the range of denary numbers that an 8 bit number can store? 0 ~ 255 [1]

6. What does the 2 in the number $1011\ 0110_2$ mean? Fill in **one** circle. [1]

- It is in base 10
- It is in base 2
- It is a mistake
- Multiply the number by 2

7. Convert the following numbers from binary to denary.

- a) 0101 0101 85 [1]
- b) 1010 1010 170 [1]
- c) 0000 1111 15 [1]
- d) 1111 0000 240 [1]
- e) 1101 0010 210 [1]
- f) 0010 1101 45 [1]

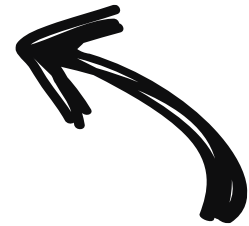
Axsied

ak'seed

2016 is the year of the new Computer Science GCSE. We are producing many new products to support the specification for both OCR and other exam boards.

Be the first to find out about new products, information and free resources.

Sign up now at www.axsied.com/newsletter



Find out more along with free resources by visiting
www.axsied.com today